- (e) What is teratogenesis? Write a brief account on *any two* environmental factors responsible for teratogenesis. 1+4=5
- Describe asymmetric regulation of cellular determinants. Mention its importance. thigiew fittid wo.I (iii) 7+3=10

Or lab lawrell

What is cell-cell interaction? Describe stable cell interaction with labelled diagram.

5. What is gastrulation? Describe the process of gastrulation in frog embryo. 2+8=10

(b) Holoblastic olerioge

What are the extra embryonic membranes? Describe the extra embryonic membranes in birds with labelled diagrams. 1+7+2=10

6. What are the different modes of regeneration? Describe the epimorphic regeneration found in salamander's limb.

escribe the or map of a typical

What do you mean by Oogenesis? Describe the process with suitable labelled diagrams. 2+8=10

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3(Sem-6/CBCS)ZOO HC 1

ZOOLOGY (Honours Core)

Paper: ZOO-HC-6016

(Developmental Biology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Choose the correct option: 1×7=7

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- (a) Which of the following cells are capable of asymmetric cell division?
  - (i) Hepatocytes
  - (ii) Epithelial cells
  - (iii) Stem cells mag slam (iii)
  - (iv) Neurons vooismen (iii)
- (b) Which of the following helps in the penetration of the egg by the sperm?
  - Fertilization membrane

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Contd.

(ii) Antifertilizin between to to the same and the same a

(iii) Sperm lysin

(iv) Fertilizin

- The notochord develops from which of the following embryonic germ layers?
  - Endoderm
  - (ii) Ectoderm
  - (iii) Neuroectoderm
  - (iv) Mesoderm
- Regeneration of a limb or tail is an example of:
  - Epimorphosis
  - (ii) Autonomy
  - (iii) Morphallaxis
- (iv) Compensatory hypertrophy
- The motile germ cell is called a/an:
  - (i) Isogamete
  - (ii) Female gamete
  - (iii) Male gamete
  - (iv) Spermatocyte
- (f) Fate map of embryo is prepared at-

2

- (i) Morula stage
- (ii) Blastula stage

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- (iii) Gastrula stage
  - (iv) Neurula stage
- Which of the following are potential effects of a teratogen on a foetus?

  - (ii) Low birth weight
  - (iii) Neural defects
  - (iv) All of the above
- Write short notes on:

2×4=8

- (a) Pattern formation in developmental process
- (b) Holoblastic cleavage
- (c) Teratogens
- (d) Functions of amnion

3. Answer *any three* of the following: 5×3=15

- What is epithelial-mesenchymal interaction? Describe its properties with examples.
- (b) Describe the fate map of a typical chordate blastula.
- Describe the mechanism of "block to polyspermy" in mammalian species.
- (d) Describe the structure of human placenta.